

**UPP (Kent Student  
Accommodation) Limited**

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 August 2024

Company Number 05991255

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Company Information

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<b>Directors</b>	M C Bamford S A Boorne M J Burton
<b>Registered number</b>	05991255
<b>Registered office</b>	First Floor 12 Arthur Street London EC4R 9AB
<b>Independent auditor</b>	KPMG LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

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# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Strategic Report For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### Business review

The Company's principal activity is the development, funding, and construction of student accommodation under the University Property Partnerships (UPP), in partnership with the University of Kent.

The building has achieved full occupancy of the 544 available rooms during the academic year. The year-end financial position was in accordance with the directors' expectations.

The principal activities of the Company during the year continued to be the operation of student accommodation.

The level of business, achieving budgeted occupancy, and the year-end financial position were in accordance with the directors' expectations. The directors anticipate that the future level of activity will be in accordance with their expectations and consider that the project will yield returns in line with current forecasts.

The UK Higher Education (HE) sector continues to maintain its reputation as a leading global destination for students. Applicant data published by UCAS following the 30 June 2024 main scheme deadline identifies that 656,760 applicants were seeking a university place for the academic year 2024/25. This was a decrease of 10,890 applicants year on year but is 18,730 applicants higher than the pre-pandemic year of 2019/20. In terms of the key demand cohort for the Company's accommodation (i.e. first year undergraduates), the overall application rate for UK 18-year-olds reached 41.9% which is lower than last year but 3.0% points higher than the pre pandemic level of 38.9% in 2019/20. Applications from EU students continue to fall with a 4% decline and demand from outside the EU has also marginally fallen by 1% or the equivalent of 1,650 less applicants with 135,470 international students having applied by the main scheme deadline.

UCAS acceptances tracked 1 per cent ahead of last year (at the 28 days after Clearing measuring point) with the overall number of acceptances driven by UK 18-year-olds which have increased by 3% to 277,790 and overall there have been 498,340 acceptances (all ages, all domiciles). More students have secured a place at higher tariff universities, 175,690 this year compared with 162,930 (+7.8%) in 2023, whilst medium tariff institutions have accepted 161,470 applicants (-0.5%) and lower tariffs have accepted 161,190 applicants (-4.4%).

New bed spaces entering the supply of PBSA are slowing, as higher land values, high inflation, rising capital costs and onerous planning requirements take their toll. Further inertia has been exerted by the temporary decommissioning of a significant volume of PBSA for building safety remediation works. CBRE has stated that they expect that supply will continue to be limited and that any new supply will be focused on a few towns and cities which have strong occupancy records and where viability is less challenging. On this basis, the overall demand outlook appears positive especially given that the Office for National Statistics is projecting an increase of 180,000 18 year olds in the population between 2020 and 2030.

As detailed in the Principal risks and uncertainties section, the Board continues to closely monitor demand and inflation risk and its impact on the Company.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company uses various financial instruments including loans, RPI swaps, cash and various items, such as trade debtors and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Company's operations. All of the Company's financial instruments are of sterling denomination and the Company does not trade in financial instruments or derivatives.

The existence of these financial instruments exposes the Company to a number of financial risks, which are described in more detail below. The directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below. These policies have remained unchanged from the previous year.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Strategic Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The Company finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits, related party borrowings, fixed rate and inflation linked on-loans from a fellow group undertaking.

Through the use of the fixed rate tranche of the on-loan the Company has mitigated its negative exposure to interest rate fluctuations on that portion of its borrowings. The index linked tranche of the on-loan has a nominal fixed rate that is linked to RPI (see below).

#### Inflation risk

The Company funds its financing activities through the provision of student accommodation and rental income received on this accommodation. Growth in rental income is linked to the movement in RPI and the Company manages the exposure to this index through a mix of inflation-linked debt and the use of RPI swaps to hedge a portion of rental income. The Company is monitoring the current inflationary environment very closely, especially the impact on its cost base. The contractual mechanisms relating to rental income increases and the controllable nature of most costs provide means of managing this risk.

#### Liquidity risk

The Company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and debt servicing and to invest cash assets safely and profitably. The Company's facility agreements require adequately funded reserve accounts which provide further mitigation against liquidity risk.

The maturity of borrowings is set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

#### Demand risk

The Company is subject to revenue risk arising from potential occupancy voids where no nomination is in place and counterparty credit risk where a nomination is in place from the university partner. While the Company operates with the benefit of various contractual rights that support high levels of occupancy, the supply of purpose built student accommodation is showing some limited increases providing increased competition focused on price, quality and location.

#### Portfolio risk

The assets of the Company are in the student market and reduced student numbers could impact upon financial performance. The Company seeks to mitigate this risk by building excellent long term relationships with its university partner and ensuring up to date in depth market analysis is completed each year to enable the Company to review its strategic position.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Strategic Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### Other key performance indicators

The following are considered by the directors to be indicators of performance of the Company that are not necessarily evident from the financial statements but provide insight into the quality of underlying cash flows for the borrowers.

	2023/24	2022/23
Average Applications: Acceptance ratio	6.1:1	6.0:1
Average core demand pool (no. of students)	11,780	12,160

The indicators above are directly related to performance of the university partner of the Company and any changes in these statistics may potentially affect the performance of the Company and in turn, the economic viability of this Company.

The directors also monitor the occupancy levels of the student accommodation facilities.

	2023/24	2022/23
Average occupancy across the facilities	100%	100%

The target occupancy level is 98-99%. As such the directors are satisfied that the occupancies noted above are within tolerable limits for the recovery of credit extended to the Company. In addition, the Company met its on-loan obligations in the period.

The Company has to adhere to financial covenants on the associated senior debt financial instruments, such as debt service cover ratio. All of the financial covenants have been met during the financial year.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.



.....  
**M C Bamford**  
Director

Date: 11 December 2024

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Directors' Report For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2024.

### **Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have considered the impact of the current inflationary environment on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern by preparing a cash flow forecast through to 31 August 2026, modelling a severe but plausible downside scenario that demonstrates that the Company is expected to have sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they fall due over the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

A key feature of the Company's contractual arrangements with the universities, is that university counterparty bears the risk of in-year rental income collection once students have been contracted for the rooms. In addition, there are contractual mechanisms in place that allow for rental uplifts as a result of inflation.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### Going concern (continued)

For the 2024/25 academic year, the Company has secured sufficient occupancy to remain compliant with its financial covenants, excluding the impact of the anticipated remediation works outlined below. The directors anticipate that the Company's university counterparties will meet their payment obligations as they fall due, even in the severe but plausible downside scenario and, as a result, the risk around revenues leading to non-compliance with financial covenants for the 2024/25 year remains low. The directors consider the Company's costs to be reasonably controllable and, whilst there are likely to be increased costs arising from inflationary pressures and geopolitical issues, these are likely to be offset by inflationary increases in rental income and cost control measures and are not sufficient to threaten the viability of the business.

The directors believe that the fundamentals of the student accommodation market remain supportive of the long-term success of the business.

During the year the Company's projected debt service cover ratio was below a trigger level of 1.15 due to the anticipated remediation works discussed in Note 17. This resulted in a remedial plan being prepared and monitored through quarterly reports being provided to the Monitoring Advisor. However, due to cross collateralisation of Company's debt within the UPP Bond 1 Holdings group, this does not compromise the going concern basis of preparation, as the consolidated ratio remained significantly above trigger levels.

On this basis, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements, and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

### Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,215k (2023 - £482k).

The directors did not declare any dividends for the year (2023 - £Nil).

### Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

M C Bamford  
S A Boorne  
M J Burton

### Future developments

Occupancy for the 2024/25 financial year has been secured at 100% which has exceeded the directors' expectations.

### Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

During the year and up to the date of this report, the Company maintained liability insurance and third-party indemnification provisions for its directors, under which the Company has agreed to indemnify the directors to the extent permitted by law in respect of all liabilities to third parties arising out of, or in connection with, the execution of their powers, duties and responsibilities of the Company.

### Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are considered to be of strategic significance and are therefore detailed in the Strategic Report on pages 1 - 3.



# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Directors' Report (continued) For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

### Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

### Auditor

The auditor, KPMG LLP, will be proposed for reappointment as auditor of the Company in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.



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**M C Bamford**

Director

Date: 11 December 2024

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

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### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 August 2024 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 2.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 August 2024 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### Going concern

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate; and
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited (continued)

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### **Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect**

#### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud*

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of the directors and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, including the internal audit function, and the Company's channel for "whistleblowing", as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud;
- Reading Board minutes;
- Considering remuneration incentive schemes and performance targets for management; and
- Using analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries and the risk of bias in accounting estimates and judgements such as valuation of service concession arrangements and valuation of derivative financial instruments.

On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because the Company's income primarily arises from contracts with universities with fixed periodic payments, and revenue is recognised over time but which is non-judgemental, straight forward and limited opportunity for manipulation.

We identified a fraud risk related to certain bonus accruals in response to potential opportunity, incentive and/or pressure to meet the EBITDA measure that generates the bonus pot of the incentive bonus scheme.

We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including:

- identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included those posted by senior finance management and journal entries made to unrelated accounts; and
- assessing significant accounting estimates for bias, including assessing the estimates related to the elements of the EBITDA linked to the fraud risk on bonus accruals.

#### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations*

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards) and from inspection of the Company's regulatory and legal correspondence and discussed with the directors the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies' legislation), distributable profits and taxation legislation. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited (continued)

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### **Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect (continued)**

#### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to non-compliance with laws and regulations (continued)*

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: property laws and building legislation, health and safety, employment laws, anti-bribery, other worker laws, recognising the nature of the Company's activities.

Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of the directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

#### *Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation*

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws or regulation.

### **Strategic Report and Directors' Report**

The directors are responsible for the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited (continued)

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### Directors' responsibilities

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

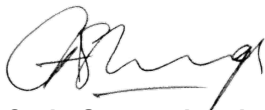
### Auditor's responsibilities

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an Auditor's Report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditors-responsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditors-responsibilities).

### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Craig Steven-Jennings** (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

*Chartered Accountants*

15 Canada Square

London

E14 5GL

Date: 11 December 2024

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

	Note	2024 £000	2023 £000
Turnover	4	4,762	4,373
Cost of sales		(1,396)	(1,183)
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>3,366</b>	<b>3,190</b>
Administrative expenses		(1,319)	(1,215)
<b>Operating profit</b>	5	<b>2,047</b>	<b>1,975</b>
Interest receivable and similar income	8	557	403
Interest payable and similar expenses	9	(1,389)	(1,896)
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>1,215</b>	<b>482</b>
Tax on profit	10	-	-
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		<b>1,215</b>	<b>482</b>

The above results all relate to continuing operations.

The notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of these financial statements.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

	Note	2024 £000	2023 £000
Profit for the financial year		1,215	482
<b>Other comprehensive income, net of related tax effects</b>			
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets	11	3,438	278
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>3,438</b>	<b>278</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>4,653</b>	<b>760</b>

The notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of these financial statements.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

Registered number: 05991255

## Balance Sheet As at 31 August 2024

	Note	2024 £000	2023 £000
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible fixed assets	11	44,300	41,100
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	12	5,647	4,954
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(1,606)	(1,366)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>4,041</u>	<u>3,588</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>48,341</u>	<u>44,688</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(28,524)	(29,364)
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			
Provisions	17	(7,340)	(7,500)
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>12,477</u></u>	<u><u>7,824</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	18	1,381	1,381
Revaluation reserve	19	18,800	15,448
Profit and loss account	19	(7,704)	(9,005)
<b>Total equity</b>		<u><u>12,477</u></u>	<u><u>7,824</u></u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



**M C Bamford**  
Director

Date: 11 December 2024

The notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of these financial statements.



# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 September 2023	1,381	15,448	(9,005)	7,824
Profit for the year	-	-	1,215	1,215
Transfer from revaluation reserve	-	-	86	86
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets	-	3,438	-	3,438
Transfer to profit and loss account	-	(86)	-	(86)
<b>At 31 August 2024</b>	<b>1,381</b>	<b>18,800</b>	<b>(7,704)</b>	<b>12,477</b>

Where depreciation charges are increased following a revaluation, an amount equal to the increase is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the Profit and Loss Account as a movement in reserves. The transfer for 2024 was £86k.

## Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 August 2023

	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 September 2022	1,381	15,249	(9,566)	7,064
Profit for the year	-	-	482	482
Transfer from revaluation reserve	-	-	79	79
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of tangible fixed assets	-	278	-	278
Transfer to profit and loss account	-	(79)	-	(79)
<b>At 31 August 2023</b>	<b>1,381</b>	<b>15,448</b>	<b>(9,005)</b>	<b>7,824</b>

Where depreciation charges are increased following a revaluation, an amount equal to the increase is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the Profit and Loss Account as a movement in reserves. The transfer for 2023 was £79k.

The notes on pages 15 to 31 form part of these financial statements.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 1. General information

UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited is a private limited company incorporated in England, with company number 05991255. The registered office is First Floor, 12 Arthur Street, London, EC4R 9AB.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The Company has chosen to apply transitional relief under Section 35.10 (i) Service concession arrangements - Accounting By Operators, and as a result its tangible fixed assets which meet the definition of service concession arrangements under Section 34 but where the contract was entered into before the date of transition will continue to be accounted for using the same accounting policies being applied at the date of transition to FRS 102.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling (£), which is the Company's functional currency, rounded to the nearest thousand.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.42, 11.44 to 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirements of Section 12 Other Financial Instruments paragraphs 12.26 to 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b) and 12.29A; and
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of UPP Bond 1 Holdings Limited as at 31 August 2024 and these financial statements may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

#### 2.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which the directors consider to be appropriate for the following reasons.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.3 Going concern (continued)

In preparing these financial statements, the directors have considered the impact of the current inflationary environment on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern by preparing a cash flow forecast through to 31 August 2026, modelling a severe but plausible downside scenario that demonstrates that the Company is expected to have sufficient funds to meet its obligations as they fall due over the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

A key feature of the Company's contractual arrangements with the universities, is that university counterparty bears the risk of in-year rental income collection once students have been contracted for the rooms. In addition, there are contractual mechanisms in place that allow for rental uplifts as a result of inflation.

For the 2024/25 academic year, the Company has secured sufficient occupancy to remain compliant with its financial covenants, excluding the impact of the anticipated remediation works outlined below. The directors anticipate that the Company's university counterparties will meet their payment obligations as they fall due, even in the severe but plausible downside scenario and, as a result, the risk around revenues leading to non-compliance with financial covenants for the 2024/25 year remains low. The directors consider the Company's costs to be reasonably controllable and, whilst there are likely to be increased costs arising from inflationary pressures and geopolitical issues, these are likely to be offset by inflationary increases in rental income and cost control measures and are not sufficient to threaten the viability of the business.

The directors believe that the fundamentals of the student accommodation market remain supportive of the long-term success of the business.

During the year the Company's projected debt service cover ratio was below a trigger level of 1.15 due to the anticipated remediation works discussed in Note 17. This resulted in a remedial plan being prepared and monitored through quarterly reports being provided to the Monitoring Advisor. However, due to cross collateralisation of Company's debt within the UPP Bond 1 Holdings group, this does not compromise the going concern basis of preparation, as the consolidated ratio remained significantly above trigger levels.

On this basis, the directors are confident that the Company will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements, and therefore have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

#### 2.4 Turnover

Rent receivable is recognised on a straight line basis of the amount receivable in respect of the rental period. Amounts received in advance are included within deferred income.

#### 2.5 Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method.

#### 2.6 Interest payable

Interest payable is charged to the Profit and Loss Account over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.7 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### 2.8 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds. For more detail, please see note 7.

#### 2.9 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax is calculated on a non-discounted basis using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Group relief is only accounted for to the extent that a formal policy is in place at the reporting period end. Where no policy is in place, current and deferred tax are measured before benefits which may arise from a formal group relief policy.

#### 2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of the tangible fixed assets, less any residual value, over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned once construction is complete. The principal rates of depreciation used for this purpose are:

Assets for use in operating leases - annuity method over the term of the lease

The economic benefit of the principal assets for use in operating leases is the return on assets invested into the financing arrangement with the relevant university. The annuity method takes into account the cost of capital notionally invested in the principal asset. Notional interest calculated using the relevant company's actual weighted cost of capital and depreciation combined will give an approximately constant charge to revenue.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.10 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The Company has adopted a policy to revalue the principal asset every two years with an interim valuation performed in other years if there is evidence that the value has changed significantly. The movement in fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity in a revaluation reserve, except that a deficit which is in excess of any previously recognised surplus over depreciated cost relating to the same property, or the reversal of such a deficit, is charged to the Profit and Loss Account. A deficit which represents a clear consumption of economic benefits is charged to the Profit and Loss Account regardless of any such previous surplus.

Where depreciation charges are increased following a revaluation, an amount equal to the increase is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the Profit and Loss Account as a movement on reserves.

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indications exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised where the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

#### 2.11 Debtors

Trade and other debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Impairment is determined by making an estimate of the likely recoverable value of debtors by considering factors such as the credit rating, the aging profile and the historic experience of the respective debtor.

#### 2.12 Creditors

Trade and other creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 2.13 Interest bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.14 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives, include inflation swaps, and are not basic financial instruments.

To mitigate the impact of inflation movements on future rental income and the Company's ability to service the fixed rate senior loan notes, the Company has entered into inflation linked swaps ('RPI swaps') with UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc, a fellow group undertaking. All derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the date the contract is entered into and subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The gain or loss on re-measurement is taken to the Profit and Loss Account in interest payable as appropriate, unless they are included in a hedging arrangement. Hedge accounting is not applied to the RPI swaps as the hedging relationship does not meet the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting under Section 12 of FRS102.

Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. The fair values of inflation swap contracts are determined by calculating the present value of the estimated future cash flows using observable yield curves.

#### 2.15 Related party transactions

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of UPP Group Holdings Limited and as such the Company has taken advantage of the terms of FRS 102.33.1A not to disclose related party transactions which are eliminated on consolidation.

#### 2.16 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Profit and Loss Account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Balance Sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet.

### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis with revisions recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

The areas involving the most sensitive estimates and assumptions that are significant to the financial statements are set out below:

#### Revaluation of the principal assets (note 11)

The Company has adopted a policy to revalue the principal asset every two years with an interim valuation performed in other years if there is evidence that the value has changed significantly. The Company engages independent valuation specialists to determine the fair value of the assets every two years, with a director's valuation performed at any other interim period. The valuation technique employed by both the independent valuers and directors is based on a discounted cash flow model as there is a lack of comparable market data due to the specific nature of the property assets. The determined fair value of the principal assets is most sensitive to the estimated rental growth, discount rate, as well as the long term occupancy rates. The key assumptions used to determine the principal assets are further explained in note 11.

#### Valuation of RPI swaps (note 16)

In estimating the fair value of the RPI swaps, the Company incorporates debit and credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own non-performance risk and the respective counterparty's non-performance risk in the fair value measurements, which are subjective in nature and require significant judgement. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of non-performance risk, the Company has considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Presentation of the principal asset (note 11)

Rent receivable is generated from the Company's interests in university accommodation. These interests fall within the scope of Section 34 of FRS 102, however, due to the transitional relief adopted in relation to service concession arrangements, the Company continues to account for all its principal assets applying the policies under UK GAAP, FRS 5 (Application Note F).

Each year the Company applies judgement in assessing the status of these interests, in accordance with the provisions of FRS 5 (Application Note F), assessing the balance of the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset. The appropriate Balance Sheet treatment of these interests is to treat the asset as a finance receivable asset where the Company does not have the majority of significant risks and rewards. Where it does, the asset is treated as a tangible fixed asset.

The directors consider the balance of the risks and rewards lies with the Company due to the Company taking the key demand risk and therefore the assets are treated as tangible fixed asset.

#### Classification of index linked financial instruments (note 14)

The Company's index linked senior secured notes are fully amortising with both principal repayments and real interest adjusted semi-annually by the change in the RPI index. Management have concluded that despite both principal and interest being linked to RPI, these links are not leveraged and because both principal and interest repayment obligations change in the same proportion and therefore the conditions in paragraphs 11.9(a) and (aA) of FRS 102 are met and the Company index linked financial instruments are classified as basic and carried at amortised cost.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 4. Turnover

Turnover represents income, on the basis of accounting policy 2.4, excluding VAT, attributed to the provision of student accommodation.

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Provision of student accommodation	<b>4,762</b>	4,373

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

### 5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	<b>238</b>	278

### 6. Auditor's remuneration

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>£000</b>	<b>£000</b>
Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's financial statements	<b>19</b>	18

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption not to disclose amounts paid for non-audit services as these are disclosed in the consolidated accounts of the parent Company.



# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 7. Employees

Staff costs were as follows:

	<b>2024</b> <b>£000</b>	<b>2023</b> <b>£000</b>
Wages and salaries	<b>267</b>	240
Social security costs	<b>24</b>	22
Cost of defined contribution scheme	<b>11</b>	11
	<b>302</b>	<b>273</b>

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	<b>2024</b> <b>No.</b>	<b>2023</b> <b>No.</b>
Site managers (full time)	<b>1</b>	1
Administration, maintenance and cleaning (full and part time)	<b>8</b>	7
	<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>

Key management personnel

The Company does not remunerate its directors directly. The directors provide services to a group of over 50 UK companies and therefore the amount of remuneration for the directors' qualifying services is inconsequential and so has not been disclosed.

### 8. Interest receivable and similar income

	<b>2024</b> <b>£000</b>	<b>2023</b> <b>£000</b>
Bank interest receivable	<b>135</b>	96
Fair value movement on RPI swaps (note 16)	<b>422</b>	307
	<b>557</b>	<b>403</b>

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 9. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Fixed rate interest due to group undertaking	943	1,691
Index linked interest due to group undertaking	446	205
	<u>1,389</u>	<u>1,896</u>

Interest payable to group undertakings is payable to UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc.

### 10. Taxation

There is no current or deferred tax charge in the current or prior year.

#### Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax credit for the year is lower than (2023 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25% (2023 - 21.50%). The differences are explained below:

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>1,215</u>	<u>482</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25% (2023 - 21.50%)	304	104
<b>Effects of:</b>		
Non-taxable income	5	-
Brought forward losses utilised in the year	(39)	(21)
Exempt property rental profits in the year	(270)	(83)
<b>Total tax charge for the year</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

#### Factors that may affect future tax charges

UPP REIT Holdings Limited is a Real Estate Investment Trust ("REIT"). As a result, the Company no longer pays UK corporation tax on profits and gains from qualifying property rental business providing it meets certain conditions. Non-qualifying profits and gains continue to be subject to UK corporation tax as normal.

A deferred tax asset of £2,557k (2023 - £2,593k) in respect of available tax losses has not been recognised at 31 August 2024.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 11. Tangible fixed assets

	Assets for use in operating leases £000
<b>Valuation</b>	
At 1 September 2023	41,100
Revaluations	3,200
At 31 August 2024	<u>44,300</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 September 2023	-
Charge for the year	238
On revalued assets	(238)
At 31 August 2024	<u>-</u>
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 August 2024	<u><u>44,300</u></u>
At 31 August 2023	<u><u>41,100</u></u>

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 11. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Fixed assets include borrowing costs up to the date of completion of £991k (2023 - £991k) which have been capitalised at 100%.

Under the terms of the debenture, the finance provider, UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc, has security by way of a first legal mortgage over all estates or interests in the leasehold properties and buildings and fixtures on those properties, as well as security over all other assets of the Company by way of fixed and floating charges.

Assets used in operating leases were independently valued by Jones Lang LaSalle Limited ("JLL"), Chartered Surveyors, on an existing use basis at 31 August 2024. JLL have confirmed that the value as at that date was £44,300k using a discounted cashflow methodology following RICS guidelines.

The critical assumptions made in relation to the valuation are set out below:

	<b>2024</b>
Discount rates	8.85%
Occupancy rates	99.0%
Long term annual rental growth	3.0%

If the assets for use in operating leases had not been included at valuation they would have been included under the historical cost convention as follows:

	<b>2024 £000</b>	<b>2023 £000</b>
Cost	<b>27,123</b>	27,123
Accumulated depreciation	<b>(1,787)</b>	(1,549)
<b>Net book value</b>	<b>25,336</b>	25,574

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 12. Debtors

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Trade debtors	2	281
Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,612	4,660
Other debtors	20	7
Prepayments and accrued income	13	6
	<u>5,647</u>	<u>4,954</u>

Included within the amounts owed by group undertakings is an amount owed by UPP Bond 1 Limited. These balances are subject to a nominal interest rate of 4.9023% and the facilities expire in 2047. This balance is due after one year but disclosed as current as permitted by the Companies Act.

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings is a balance owed by UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc of £806k (2023 - £37k owed by) which is to fund a debt service reserve account held by UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc that is sized to be adequate to cover the next six months of service costs of both tranches of the senior secured notes. This amount is reviewed every six months and increased or decreased accordingly. Interest receivable on these loans is calculated using the effective interest method which is different to the actual cash interest received at the rate the Company earns interest on the cash balances it holds.

### 13. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Fixed rate on loans (see note 15)	665	644
Trade creditors	50	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	244	231
Other creditors	1	-
Accruals	646	491
	<u>1,606</u>	<u>1,366</u>

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings is an amount of £39k due from UPP Group Holdings Limited, the remaining amounts owed to group undertakings are amounts owed to UPP Residential Services Limited. All amounts owed to group undertakings are repayable on demand and not subject to interest.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 14. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Fixed rate on loans	17,509	18,160
Index linked on loans	7,793	7,560
Derivative financial instruments (see note 16)	3,222	3,644
	<b>28,524</b>	<b>29,364</b>

#### Senior secured on loan notes

On 5 March 2013, a fellow subsidiary of the Company's immediate parent UPP Bond 1 Limited, UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc, launched a Multicurrency Programme for the issuance of £382.1 million Senior Secured Notes. The proceeds of this bond issuance were on lent to UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited and five other subsidiary undertakings of UPP Bond 1 Limited, to enable the companies to repay their existing senior bank debt funding.

These notes are listed on the Irish Stock Exchange. The 4.9023% fixed rate loan notes are due to be fully repaid by 2040, with repayments having begun in August 2013. The 2.7291% index linked loan notes are due to be fully repaid by 2047, with repayments starting in August 2038.

The Company entered into on-loan arrangements with UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc the terms and conditions of which are laid out below:

	Amount (£)	Interest rate	Maturity
Tranche A	23,176,000	Fixed rate at 4.9023%	28 February 2040
Tranche B	5,026,000	Index linked at 2.7291%	31 August 2047

The on-loan facilities above are secured under a debenture deed. Under the terms of the debenture, the finance provider, UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc, has security by way of a first legal mortgage over all estates or interests in the leasehold properties and buildings and fixtures on those properties, as well as security over all other assets of the Company by way of fixed and floating charges.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 15. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2024 £000	2023 £000
<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>		
Fixed rate on loans	665	644
	<b>665</b>	644
<b>Amounts falling due 1-2 years</b>		
Fixed rate on loans	788	665
	<b>788</b>	665
<b>Amounts falling due 2-5 years</b>		
Fixed rate on loans	2,851	2,604
	<b>2,851</b>	2,604
<b>Amounts falling due after more than 5 years</b>		
Fixed rate on loans	13,870	14,891
Index linked on loans	7,793	7,560
	<b>21,663</b>	22,451
	<b>25,967</b>	26,364

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 16. Financial instruments

	2024 £000	2023 £000
<b>Financial assets</b>		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	<u>5,644</u>	<u>4,948</u>
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value	(3,222)	(3,644)
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	<u>(26,908)</u>	<u>(27,086)</u>
	<u><b>(30,130)</b></u>	<u><b>(30,730)</b></u>

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade debtors, other debtors, accrued income and amounts owed by group undertakings which is repayable on demand.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, amounts owed to group undertakings, other creditors, fixed rate senior secured notes, index linked senior secured notes and accruals.

Derivative financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise an RPI swap.

Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative. The fair value of these swaps is determined using discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each derivative. This analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves, spot and forward rates, as well as option volatility.

The Company incorporates debit and credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both its own non-performance risk and the respective counterparty's non-performance risk in the fair value measurements. In adjusting the fair value of its derivative contracts for the effect of non-performance risk, the Company has considered the impact of netting and any applicable credit enhancements, such as collateral postings, thresholds, mutual puts, and guarantees.

To mitigate the risks of inflation movements in the underlying income generation of the Company impacting on the Company's ability to service the fixed rate senior on loans, the Company has entered into an RPI swap with UPP Bond 1 Issuer Plc, a fellow group company, which has entered into on loan arrangements with the Company. The notional amounts swapped for each year has been determined with reference to a percentage of the fixed rate on loan servicing costs.

At the balance sheet date the fair value of this swap was £3,222k liability (2023 - £3,644k liability).

The Company entered into the RPI swap on 5 March 2013, fixing a portion of the underlying rental income stream to 2.7%. The RPI swap is for a period of 26 years, commencing in February 2014 and finishing in February 2040.

The Company does not apply hedge accounting for its derivative instrument as the criteria are not met under section 12 FRS 102. A hedging gain of £422k arose during the year (2023 - £307k) and was recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, reflecting the change in fair value of this RPI swap.



# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

### 17. Provisions

	£000
At 1 September 2023	7,500
Charged to profit or loss	(160)
<b>At 31 August 2024</b>	<b>7,340</b>

During a prior year, following detailed inspections, the Directors identified various remediation works that needed to be addressed at buildings at the University of Kent. Accordingly, a provision of £7,500k was recognised as the directors believe the Group has a present obligation, it is probable that transfer of economic benefit will be required and the obligation can be reliably estimated. During the year initial spend was undertaken on the project, resulting in a carried forward provision of £7,340k.

Inspections and assessments are continuing and, as a result, the provision continues to be recognised.

### 18. Share capital

	2024 £000	2023 £000
<b>Authorised</b>		
1,396,153 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,396	1,396
<b>Allotted, called up and fully paid</b>		
1,380,953 A Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,381	1,381

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights; they do not confer any rights of redemption.

### 19. Reserves

#### Revaluation reserve

The reserve is used to record the surplus or deficit arising on valuation of the principal asset of the Company.

#### Profit and loss account

The reserve consists of current and prior year profit and loss.

# UPP (Kent Student Accommodation) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 August 2024

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### 20. Controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is UPP Bond 1 Limited, whose immediate parent company is UPP Bond 1 Holdings Limited. The parent company of UPP Bond 1 Holdings Limited is UPP Group Limited. UPP Group Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of UPP Group Holdings Limited.

UPP Group Holdings Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of UPP REIT Holdings Limited.

The parent undertaking of the largest group of which the Company is a member and of which Group accounts are prepared is UPP REIT Holdings Limited.

UPP REIT Holdings Limited is controlled by a 60% stake held by Stichting Depository PGGM Infrastructure Funds ("PGGM"), incorporated in The Netherlands.

Copies of the UPP REIT Holdings Limited accounts can be obtained from [www.upp-ltd.com](http://www.upp-ltd.com), once they have been published.

The parent undertaking of the smallest group of which the Company is a member and for which Group accounts are prepared is UPP Bond 1 Holdings Limited.

Copies of the UPP Bond 1 Holdings Limited accounts can be obtained from Companies House, once they have been filed.